

How to Check Your Credit Report: Guided Notes

Fill in the blanks as you watch the video.

What is a Credit F	Report?		
Α	is a record of yo	our credit history, includi	ng your lines of credit and payment
history.			
Who pulls my cre	edit report?		
Your credit report	t may be pulled by a	, by	if you apply for a car
loan or credit card	d – even by	·	
What will I need	to check my credit report?		
You'll need to hav	/e your,	<i></i>	, and
	on hand.		
Where do I go to	get my credit report?		
Go to			
	information and vocabulary do I		are the three credit
report agencies.			
The		makes up 15% of y	our credit score.
	is how much money someone owes.		
	is the amount of money that someone is trusted to borrow.		
	means that they pay a fixed amount every month.		
			the borrower can borrow money up
	limit and payments can be made		
Your		is 30% of your	credit score.
			core. We're talking 35%. And those
	nts stay on your credit report for		
	is when you are outright requesting money for a loan. An example would be		
	loan or opening a credit card.		
A	could be done wh	nen a potential employe	, landlord, or creditor is checking
	credit before making an offer or		
_		edit report for up to 10 y	



How to Check Your Credit Report: Guided Notes (Key)

Fill in the blanks as you watch the video.

What is a Credit Report?
A <u>credit report</u> is a record of your credit history, including your lines of credit and payment
history.
Who pulls my credit report?
Your credit report may be pulled by a <u>potential employer</u> , by <u>credit unions</u> if you apply for a car
loan or credit card – even by <u>utility companies</u> .
What will I need to check my credit report?
You'll need to have your <u>legal name</u> , <u>address</u> , <u>previous addresses</u> , and
social security number on hand.
Where do I go to get my credit report?
Go towww.annualcreditreport.com
What additional information and vocabulary do I need to know?
Equifax , Experian , and Transunion are the three credit
report agencies.
The <u>length of credit history</u> makes up 15% of your credit score.
The is how much money someone owes.
A <u>credit limit</u> is the amount of money that someone is trusted to borrow.
An <u>installment loan</u> means that they pay a fixed amount every month.
Revolving accounts are open-ended loans where the borrower can borrow money up
to the maximum limit and payments can be made while continuing to borrow, like a credit card.
Your <u>credit utilization</u> is 30% of your credit score.
Payment history is the largest part of your credit score. We're talking 35%. And those
pesky late payments stay on your credit report for 7 years!
A <u>hard inquiry</u> is when you are outright requesting money for a loan. An example would be
a car loan, house loan or opening a credit card.
A <u>soft inquiry</u> could be done when a potential employer, landlord, or creditor is checking
how you manage credit before making an offer or approving your application.
Bankruptcy stays on your credit report for up to 10 years.